



THE AMERICAN COLLEGE, MADURAI

(An Autonomous Institution Affiliated to Madurai Kamaraj University)

Re-accredited (2nd Cycle) by NAAC with Grade "A", CGPA – 3.46 on a 4-point scale

Backlog Arrear Examination, March 2021

PGM 5232 Fractal Geometry

TIME: 3 hrs

Max.Marks: 75

Answer any FIVE questions

5 × 15 = 75

1. a) Define Hausdorff distance and prove that $h(A \cup B, C \cup D) \leq h(A, C) \vee h(B, D)$
b) State and prove the extension lemma
2. Prove that the space of fractals on a complete metric space is complete and also prove that if $\{A_n \in H(X)\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$ is a Cauchy sequence then $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} A_n = A$ and
 $A = \{x \in X / \exists \text{ a cauchy sequence } \{x_n \in A_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty} \text{ converges to } x\}$
3. a) State and prove the contraction mapping theorem b) Find the affine transformation in R^2 that takes the triangle with vertices at (0,0), (0,1) & (1,0) is mapped onto the triangle with vertices at (7, 7), (4, 8) & (4, 9)
4. a) Prove that code space of two or more symbols is uncountable
b) Find the contractivity factor of the IFS given below

$$\left\{ R^2 / w_1(x_1, x_2) = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \ \& \ w_2(x_1, x_2) = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} \right\} \text{ and prove that}$$

$A = \{(x, y) / x = y, x, y \in [0,1]\}$ is its attractor and also represent it geometrically

5. Let (X, d) be a complete metric space let $\{X : \omega_n, n = 1, 2, \dots, N\}$ be the hyperbolic IFS. Let 'A' denote the attractor of the IFS. Let (Σ, d_c) denote the code space associated with the IFS. $\forall \sigma \in \Sigma, n \in N \ \& \ x \in X \ \phi(\sigma, n, x) = \omega_{\sigma_1} \circ \omega_{\sigma_2} \circ \omega_{\sigma_3} \circ \dots \circ \omega_{\sigma_n}(x)$ then prove that $\phi(\sigma) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \phi(\sigma, n, x)$ exists belongs to 'A' and is independent of x in X. If 'K' is a compact subset of X then prove that the convergence is uniform over x in K and prove that the function $\phi : \Sigma \rightarrow A$ is continuous and onto.
6. State and prove the Box Counting Theorem
7. Let $(X_1, d_1), (X_2, d_2)$ be metrically equivalent metric spaces and let $\theta : X_1 \rightarrow X_2$ be a transformation that provides equivalence of the spaces. If $A_1 \in H(X_1)$ has fractal dimension D, then prove that $A_2 = \theta(A_1)$ has the same fractal dimension D